**Start Here**

1. **Office Reader**
   - Doesn’t show CGM data:
     - Don’t give to patient
     - For office use only
   - Use to:
     - Check system status after insertion
     - Download transmitter data after use

2. **Handouts**
   - Unblinded CGM:
     - Review with patient who’ll use a smartphone to view CGM data
   - OR
   - Blinded CGM:
     - Review with patient who won’t see their CGM data

3. **Stickers**
   - Save one label for office records
   - Place other label on Unblinded CGM Patient handout in Section C
Safety Statement

Warnings
Where to Insert: Belly or Buttocks?
All patients can use their bellies (abdomen). Patients 2 to 17 years old can also choose their upper buttocks. Look for a place on your belly or upper buttocks where you have some padding. The sensor is not tested or approved for other sites.

Where to Store
You can store sensors at room temperature or in a refrigerator – as long as it’s between 36°F and 86°F. Don’t store sensors in the freezer.

Inspect
Don’t use a damaged or cracked transmitter. A damaged transmitter could cause injuries from electrical shocks and may make the G6 Pro not work correctly.

Precautions
Don’t Start Past “Use By Date”
Don’t start a sensor past its Use By Date because it may give incorrect results. The Use By Date is in YYYY-MM-DD (Year-Month-Day) format on the sensor package label beside the hourglass symbol.

Check Package
Don’t use sensor if its sterile package has been damaged or opened, because it might cause an infection.

Clean and Dry Skin
Clean and dry hands and put on gloves before inserting a sensor.
Clean insertion site with alcohol wipes to prevent infections. Don’t insert the sensor until skin is dry. If insertion site is not clean and completely dry, the patient runs the risk of infection or the transmitter holder not sticking well.
Make sure patient doesn’t have insect repellent, sunscreen, perfume, or lotion on their skin.

Where to Insert: Things to Check
Don’t open packages until ready to use.
Keep the safety guard on until you put the G6 Pro applicator against the patient’s skin. If you remove the safety guard first, you may hurt the patient by accidentally pushing the button and inserting the sensor before you mean to.
Change the insertion site with each sensor. Using the same site too often on the same patient might not allow the skin to heal, causing scarring or skin irritation.

Sensor placement is important. Choose a site:
• At least 3 inches from insulin pump infusion set or injection site
• Away from waistband, scar, tattoos, irritation, and bones
• Unlikely to be bumped, pushed, or laid on while sleeping
Follow G6 Pro instructions. If not, patient could have a severe low or high glucose event.

Interfering Substance Risks
Acetaminophen
In previous generations of Dexcom CGM systems (G4/G5), acetaminophen could affect sensor readings, making them look higher than they really were.
However, with the G6 Pro, your patient can take a standard or maximum acetaminophen dose of 1 gram (1,000 mg) every 6 hours and still use the G6 Pro readings to make treatment decisions. Taking higher than the maximum dose of acetaminophen (e.g. > 1 gram every 6 hours in adults) may affect the G6 Pro readings and make them look higher than they really are.

Hydroxyurea
Hydroxyurea is a medication used in the treatment of diseases including cancer and sickle cell anemia. It is known to interfere with glucose readings from the sensor. The use of hydroxyurea will result in sensor glucose readings that are higher than actual glucose levels. The level of inaccuracy in sensor glucose readings is based on the amount of hydroxyurea in the body. Relying on sensor glucose results while taking hydroxyurea could result in missed hypoglycemia alerts or errors in diabetes management, such as giving a higher dose of insulin than necessary to correct falsely high sensor glucose values. It can also result in errors when reviewing, analyzing and interpreting historical patterns for assessing glucose control. Do not use the Dexcom CGM System for making diabetes treatment decisions or assessing glucose control when taking hydroxyurea.
Follow G6 Pro instructions. If not, your patient could have a severe low or high glucose event.

Use Correct Transmitter, and Sensor
G6 Pro components are not compatible with any previous Dexcom products. Do not mix transmitters and sensors from different generations of Dexcom products.

Prescription Device
U.S. law restricts the sale of the G6 Pro to sale by or on order of a physician.
If you need more information regarding use of the G6 Pro, contact the Dexcom Technical Support team:
• General: 1.844.607.8398, 24/7
• Healthcare Professionals: 1.844.436.2271, 6 am–6 pm (PST), Monday–Friday

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MT25846 / LBL017178 Rev 003 Rev Date: 02/2020